

Implementing a Country- or Regional-Level Food Fraud Vulnerability Assessment (FFVA) and Food Fraud Prevention Strategy (FFPS)

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Today's briefing focuses on five objectives

- Define food fraud
- Discuss the human component of food fraud
- Review the food fraud compliance requirements
- Explain "how to start" and "how much is enough"
- Discuss how to manage food fraud using the Food Fraud Prevention Management System



What is Food Fraud?



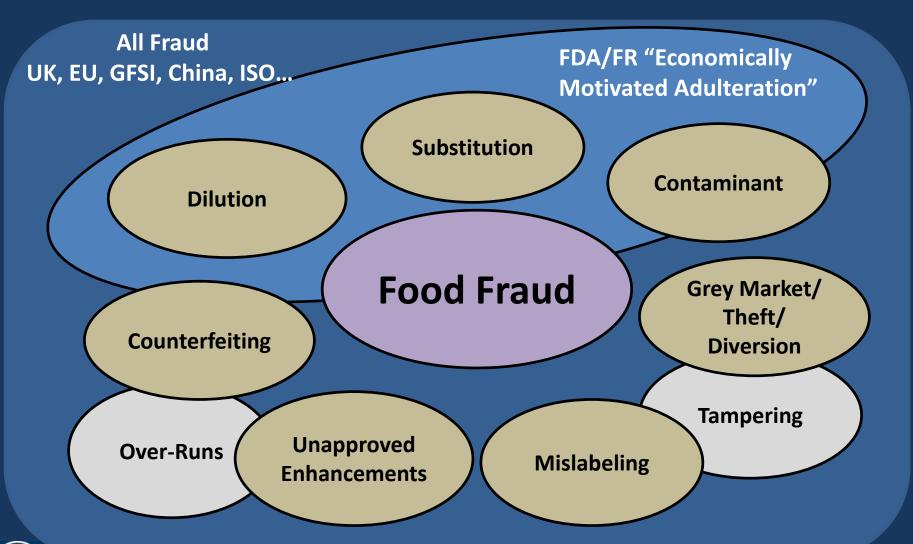
Food fraud defined

- Action: Intentional deception using food
 - Including the FDA defined subcategory of Economically Motivated Adulteration (EMA)
- Motivation: Economic gain
- Effect:
 - Economic Threat
 - Public Health Vulnerability or Threat

Food fraud is a collective term used to encompass the deliberate and intentional substitution, addition, tampering, or misrepresentation of food, food ingredients, or food packaging; or false or misleading statements made about a product, for economic gain.



Food fraud includes...





The food risk matrix

Prevent by Understanding the Motivation

Food Protection

Food Quality

Food

Safety

Unintentional

Food Fraud

Food Defense

Intentional

Motivation

Gain:

Economic

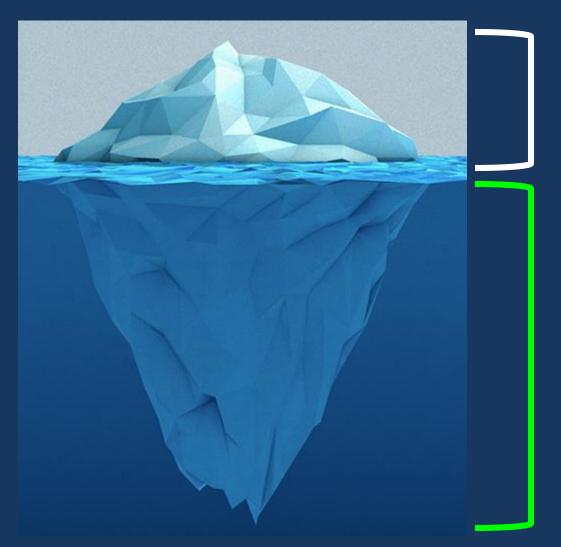
Harm:

Public Health, Economic, or Terror

Action



Food fraud prevalence is unknown



Identified Food Fraud cases

Unidentified Food Fraud cases



Criminology attempts to explain crime causation

Crime Causation

Biological Theories of Crime Causation

Sociological Theories of Crime Causation

Psychological Theories of Crime Causation

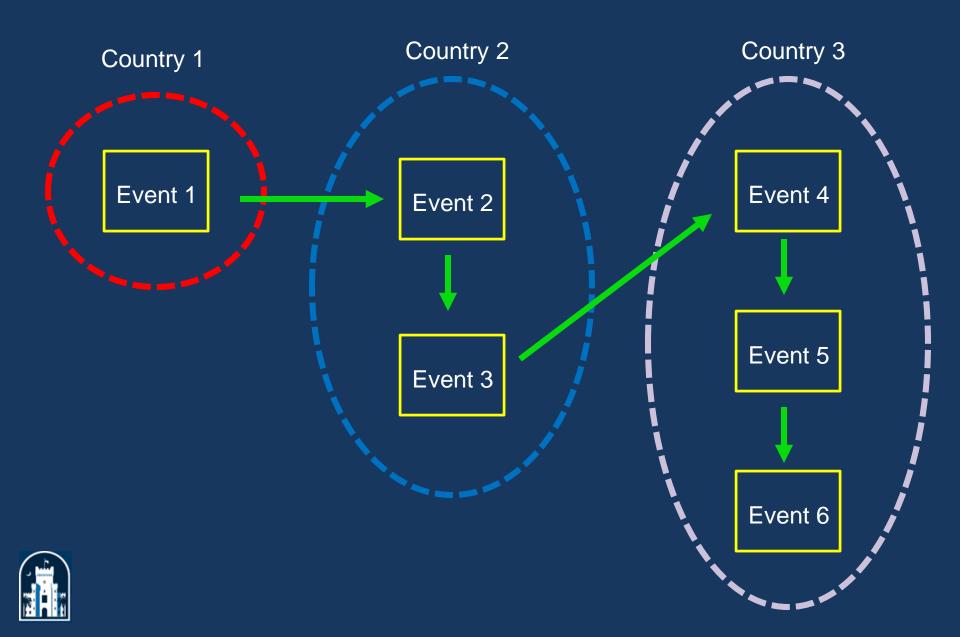


While criminology attempts to explain crime causation...

Crime science focuses on opportunity



All crime is local



Crime science focuses on opportunity

Routine Activity Theory

- Motivated offender
- Suitable target
- Capable guardianship



- Crime Pattern Theory
 - How offenders find crime opportunities
- Rational Choice Theory
 - Offender decision making process



Evaluating the fraud opportunity

- Established tenets of crime prevention theory guide our thinking
 - The crime triangle identifies the basic elements that comprise any problem
- We must analyze and understand these elements in order to solve problems





Are we disrupting the chemistry of the crime?

Detect

Deter

Prevent



Food Fraud Compliance Requirements





Food Fraud Compliance Requirements

- Global Food Safety Initiative (GFSI) January 2018
 - Food Fraud Vulnerability Assessment (All fraud)
 - Food Fraud Prevention Strategy (All products)
 - Requires separate assessments for Food Safety (HACCP), Food Fraud (VACCP), and for Food Defense (TACCP)
 - No documents = audit non-conformance





How to start

Food Fraud Prevention Strategy – Management Strategy



To begin, address these seven questions

- Conduct a Food Fraud Vulnerability Assessment (Y/N)
- 2. Written (Y/N)
- Implement a Food Fraud Prevention Strategy (Y/N)
- 4. Written (Y/N)
- Minimally conduct an annual Food Fraud Incident Review (Y/N)
- 6. Note: Address all types of Food Fraud (Y/N)
- 7. Note: Address all products from both incoming goods (e.g., ingredients) and outgoing goods (e.g., finished goods) through to the consumer (Y/N)

Set the foundation for future activities

• **Concept one**: formally, and specifically, mention food fraud as a food issue.

and

 Concept two: create an enterprise-wide food fraud prevention plan.



Establish a Food Fraud Task Force

- 1. Convene a Food Fraud Task Force
- 2. Create an Enterprise-wide Food Fraud Policy/Mission Statement and begin drafting a Food Fraud Prevention Strategy/ Plan
- 3. Conduct the pre-filter Food Fraud Initial Screening (FFIS)
- Review additional needs including additional information or a more detailed Food Fraud Vulnerability Assessment (FFVA)
- 5. Review specific Food Fraud vulnerabilities in an enterprise risk map (Enterprise Risk Management)
- 6. Consider countermeasures and control systems to address the 'very high' and 'high' vulnerabilities
- 7. Propose a Food Fraud Prevention Strategy including the calibration of the Food Fraud risks on the enterprise risk map



How much is enough?

Decision making and Enterprise Risk Management (ERM)



Food Fraud Initial Screening

- Define likelihood VH, H, M, L, VL
- Define consequences VH, H, M, L, VL
- Raw materials: five products including other
- Finished goods: five products including other
- Evaluate the certainty: 1-10
- Evaluate the robustness: 1-10

Matrix entry

- Overall: (1) incoming goods, and (2) outgoing goods
- Product/Groups (spices, meat, dairy, grains, all other goods, branded, etc.)
- Supply/Customers (countries, companies, types of products, TBD)

		Market or Region						
		Europe	North America	South America	Africa	All Other Regions		
Product or Group		Α	В	С	D	E		
Spices	1	VH						
Meat	2							
Dairy	3							
Grains	4							
All other products	5							

Corporate risk map

 All risks or vulnerabilities need to be assessed within the Corporate Risk Appetite on the Corporate Risk Map

Likelihood

	VH	Н	M	L	VL
VH	A1		В3		
н			C4		А3
М		A2	D5		
L					D2
VL					

Impact

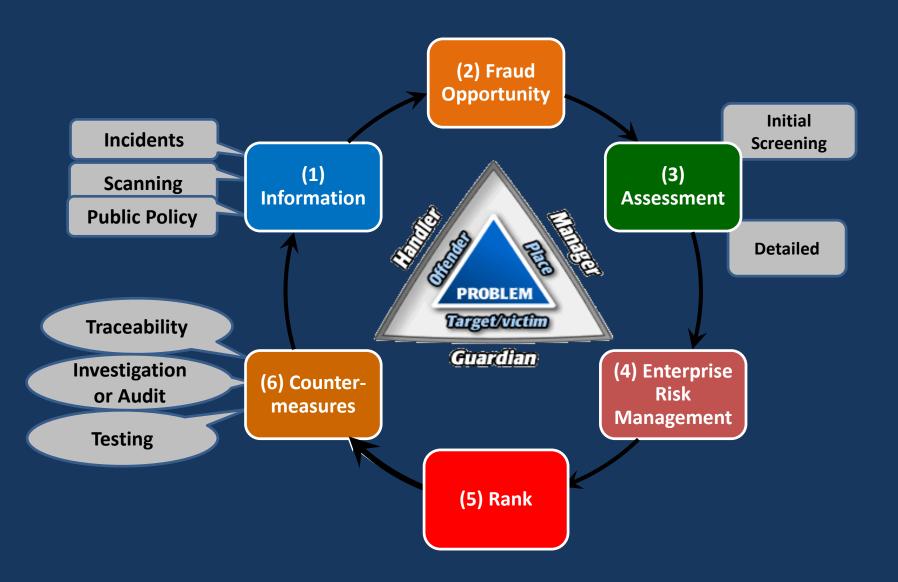


How to Manage

Food Fraud Prevention Cycle



Food Fraud Prevention Cycle



Summary

- 1. Establishing the Context
 - What is Food Fraud?
 - Is it a problem?
 - How to detect specific fraud acts, are new tests needed, and then validate the test methods?
- 2. Do I need to act?
- 3. How to start?
 - What to do?
 - 7 questions, 2 concepts, 7 steps, and 1 decision.
- 4. How much is enough?
- 5. How to manage?
 - Continuous review and process improvement.

Michigan State University's Food Fraud Initiative

Food Fraud Resources and Educational Opportunities



MSU's Food Fraud Initiative Resources

- Massive Open Online Course (MOOC free, open, online)
 - Overview, FF Audit Guide, FD Audit Guide, FFVA/FFPS
 - http://foodfraud.msu.edu/mooc/
- Primer Documents
 - http://foodfraud.msu.edu/index/primers/
- Executive Education (Short-Course)
 - Food Fraud Management Strategy & FFIV Workshop
 - Next offering: Feb 4-5-6, 2020



MSU's Food Fraud Curriculum

- Graduate Courses (Online, Three Credits)
- Graduate Certificate (Online, Four Courses Each)
- Master of Science in Food Safety (Online)

www.FoodFraud.msu.edu





Questions and Comments

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